

Genetic Editing of iNK Cell Therapies to Enhance Tumor Killing Capacity

iPSC-Derived Immunotherapies Congress 2022

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Disclosure

I am an employee and shareholder of Editas Medicine



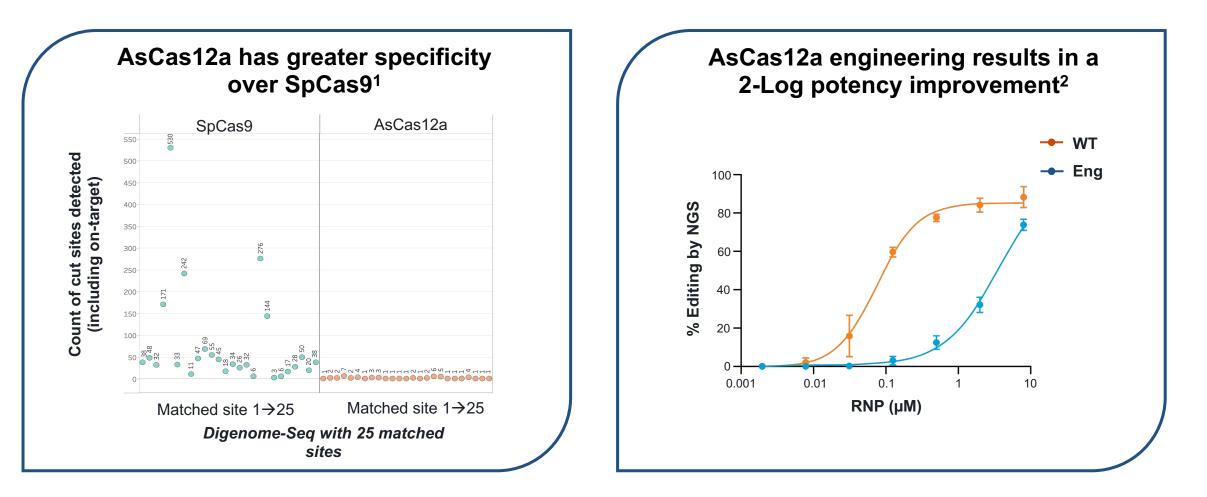


iPSC-derived, Cas12a-edited NK cells are one of Editas' therapeutic approaches for oncology using our proprietary editing technologies

PROGRAM (OR DISEASE/ CANDIDATE)	DISCOVERY	LEAD OPTIMIZATION	IND ENABLING	CLINICAL POC	LATE-STAGE CLINICAL	DEVELOPMENT & COMMERCIAL PARTNER ENABLING PARTNERSHIPS
CELLULAR THERAPY						
ONCOLOGY						
$\alpha\beta$ T Cells (1 DC, 8 total programs)						ر ^{ال} ا Bristol Myers Squibb"
$\gamma\delta$ T Cells						immatics
EDIT-202: Multiplexed iPSC NK for Solid Tumors						Wholly owned



Engineered AsCas12a provides a high degree of gene knock-out specificity and efficiency





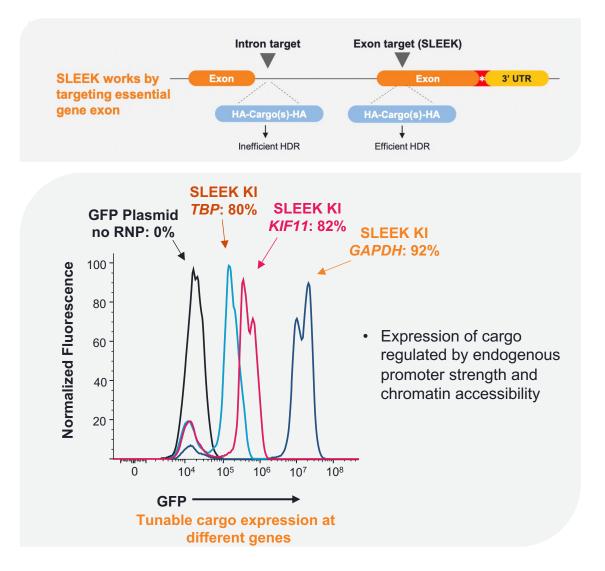
AsCas12a, Acidaminococcus sp CRISPR-associated protein 12a; CRISPR, clustered regularly interspaced short palindromic repeats; Eng, engineered; NGS, next generation sequencing; RNP, ribonucleoprotein; SpCas9, staphylococcus aureus CRISPR-associated protein 9; WT, wildtype.

Gotta G *et al.* Poster presented at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory; Laurel Hollow, New York, 10–13 October 2019.
Zuris J. Oral presentation at American Society of Gene & Cell Therapy (ASGCT); Washington, DC, 16–19 May 2022.

SLEEK technology enables efficient and robust gene knock-in

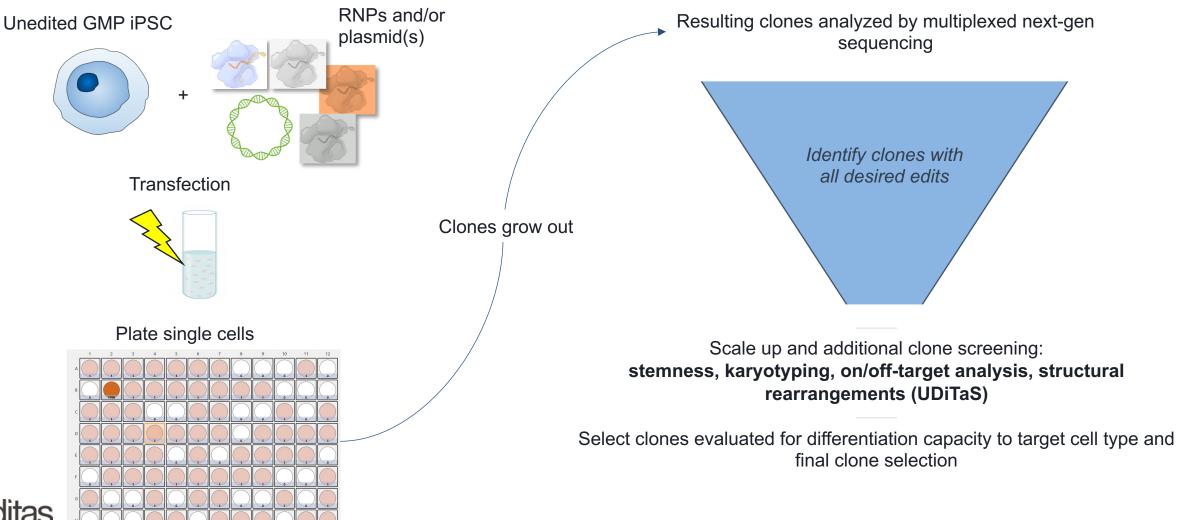


- SeLection by Essential-gene Exon Knock-In
- Enables >95% knock-in efficiency
- High-level, tunable cargo expression
- Near-homogeneous editing
- Efficient multicistronic cargos
- Simplifies iPSC clone selection process
- Robust, lineage-independent, expression of functional cargo in iPSCs

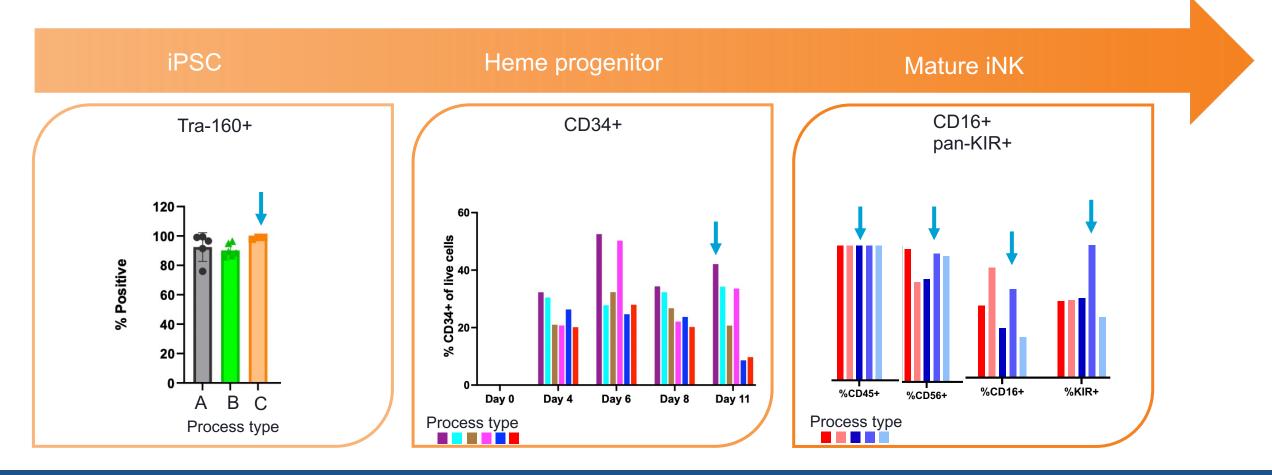




After editing, iPSC clones are screened for selected edit configuration



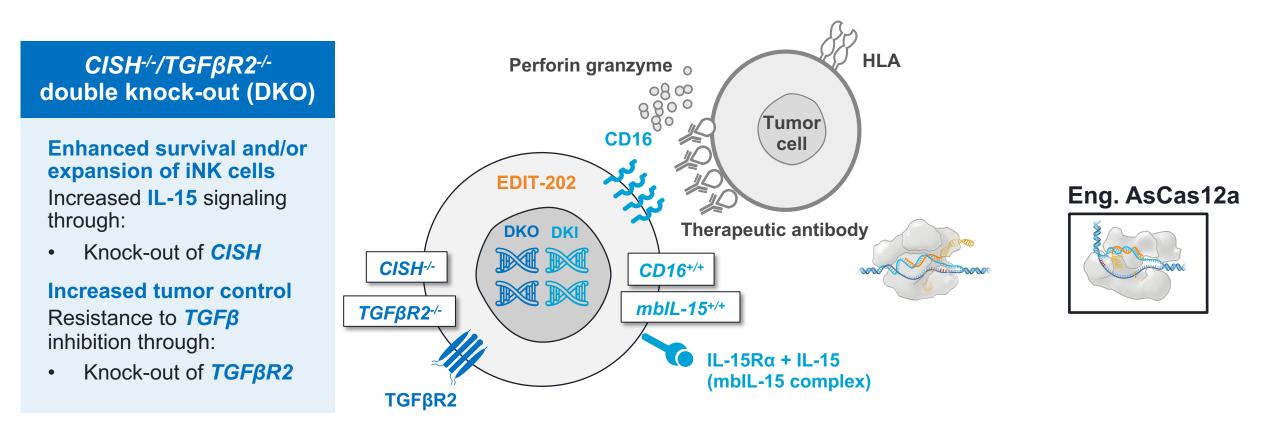
iPSC clones are differentiated to iNK cells using a feeder-free process that recapitulates natural NK phenotypic markers

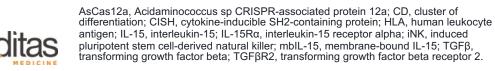


Process parameters have been optimized for differentiation phenotype and function



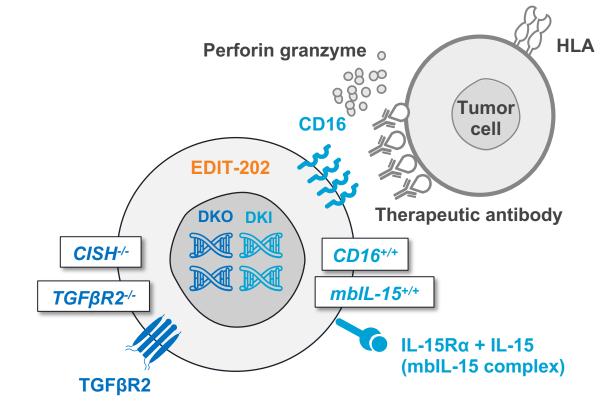
EDIT-202 is edited to resist TGFβ mediated suppression (TGFBR2 KO) and drive enhanced IL-15 responses (CISH KO)





Zuris J. Oral presentation at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory's Genome Engineering: CRISPR Frontiers; Laurel Hollow, New York, 20 August 2021.

EDIT-202 is edited to provide a high level of CD16 expression and provide autocrine IL-15 signaling



CD16^{+/+}/*mblL*-15^{+/+} double knock-in (DKI)

Enhanced ADCC

Constitutive overexpression of **CD16** through:

Knock-in of CD16

Enhanced survival and/or expansion of iNK cells Increased IL-15 signaling through:

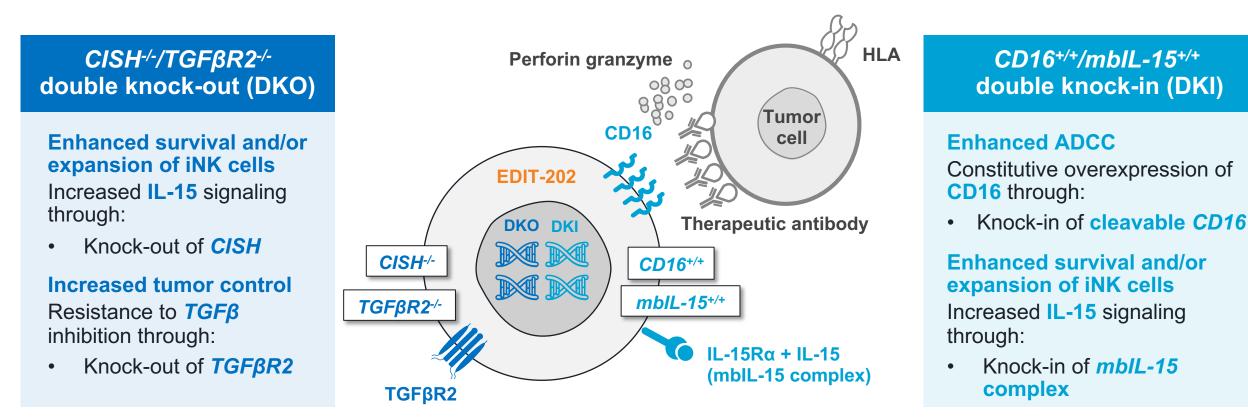
 Knock-in of *mblL-15* complex



ADCC, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity; CD, cluster of differentiation; CISH, cytokine-inducible SH2-containing protein; HLA, human leukocyte antigen; IL-15, interleukin-15; IL-15Rα, interleukin-15 receptor alpha; iNK, induced pluripotent stem cell-derived natural killer; mbIL-15, membrane-bound IL-15; TGFβ, transforming growth factor beta; TGFβR2, transforming growth factor beta receptor 2.

Zuris J. Oral presentation at Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory's Genome Engineering: CRISPR Frontiers; Laurel Hollow, New York, 20 August 2021.

EDIT-202, a 4x gene-edited product, resists TGFβ immune suppression, enhances CD16 expression and promotes IL-15 pathway activation

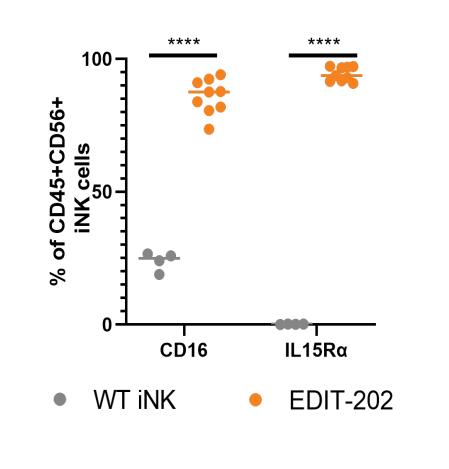




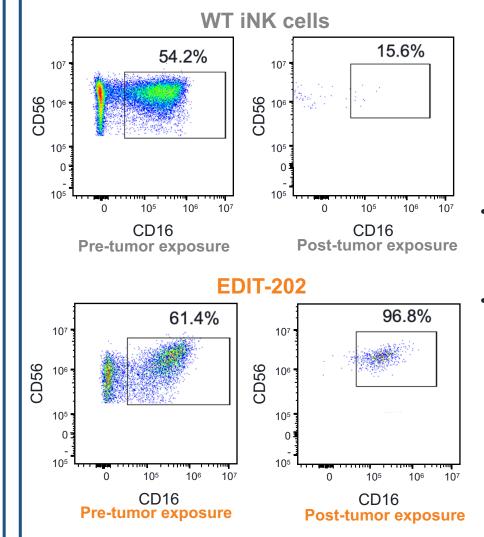
ADCC, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity; CD, cluster of differentiation; CISH, cytokine-inducible SH2-containing protein; HLA, human leukocyte antigen; IL-15, interleukin-15; IL-15R α , interleukin-15 receptor alpha; iNK, induced pluripotent stem cell-derived natural killer; mbIL-15, membrane-bound IL-15; TGF β , transforming growth factor beta; TGF β R2, transforming growth factor beta receptor 2.

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SLEEK KI provides high % iNK cells positive for IL15Rα and CD16

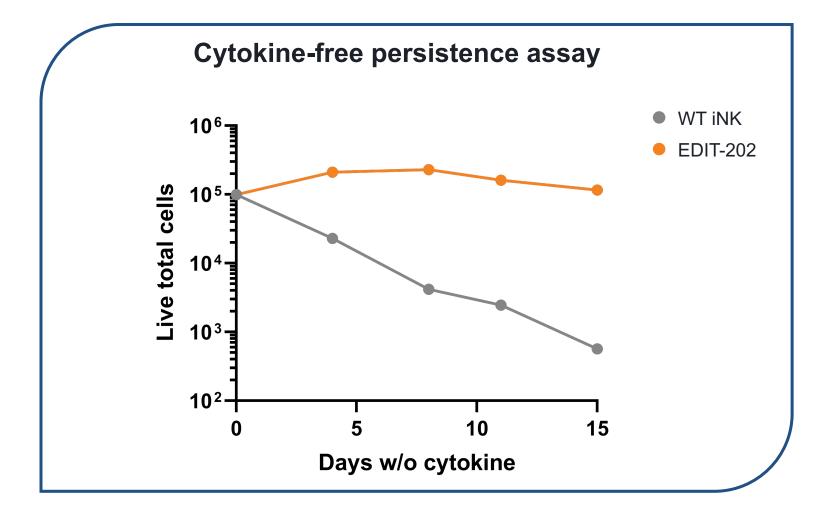


CD16 KI is resistant to downregulation by tumor cell exposure

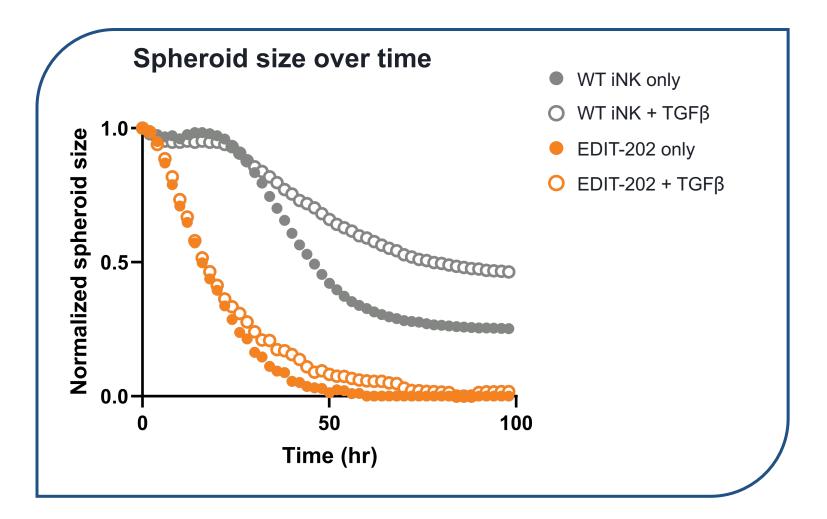


- 4 days *in vitro* E:T 2:1, SKOV3 target, 10ug/ml Trastuzumab
- Pre-gated on viable cells

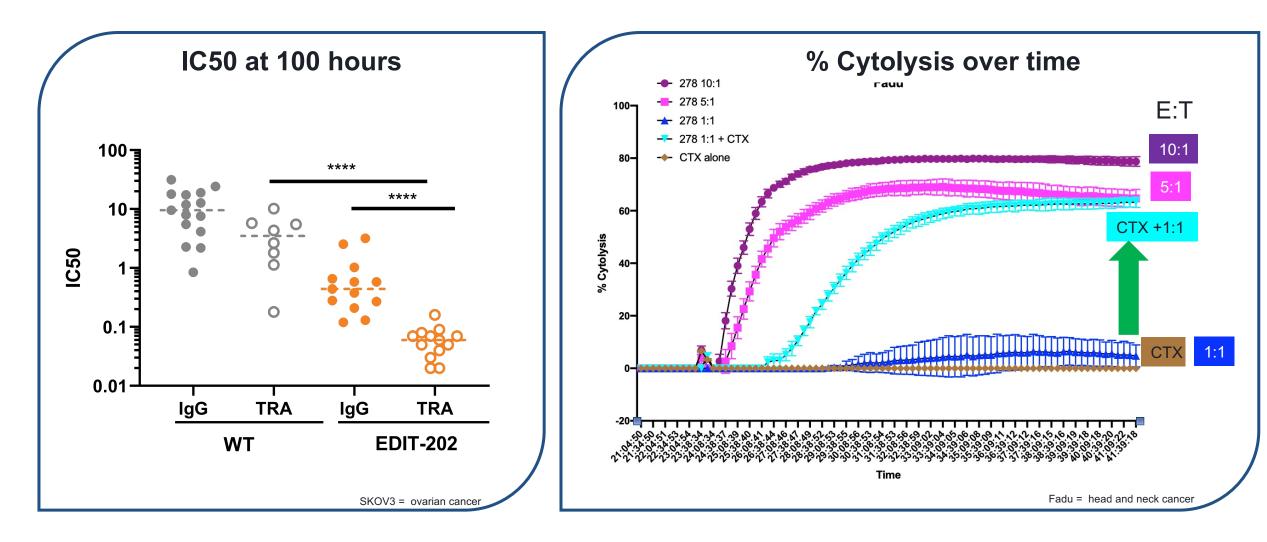
EDIT-202 persists without additional exogenous cytokines in vitro



EDIT-202 shows enhanced killing of tumor spheroids in the presence of TGF β

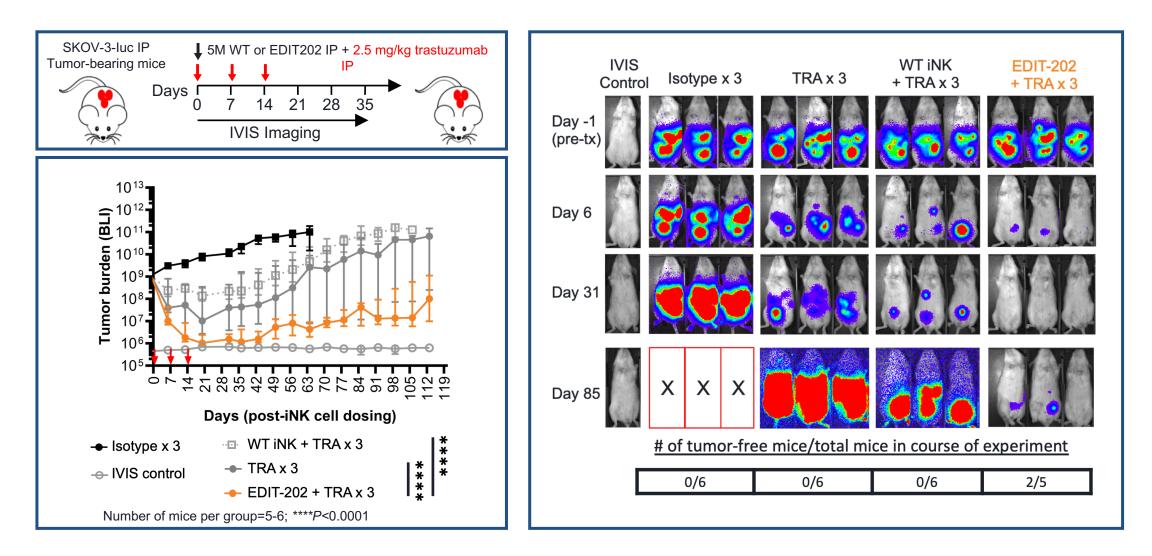


EDIT-202 synergizes with ADCC-competent monoclonal antibodies in vitro



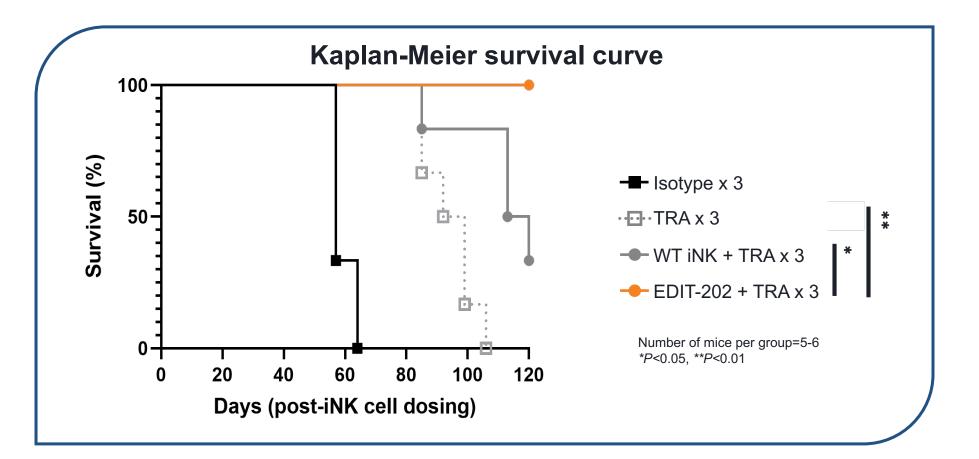


EDIT-202 synergizes with ADCC-competent monoclonal antibodies *in vivo*





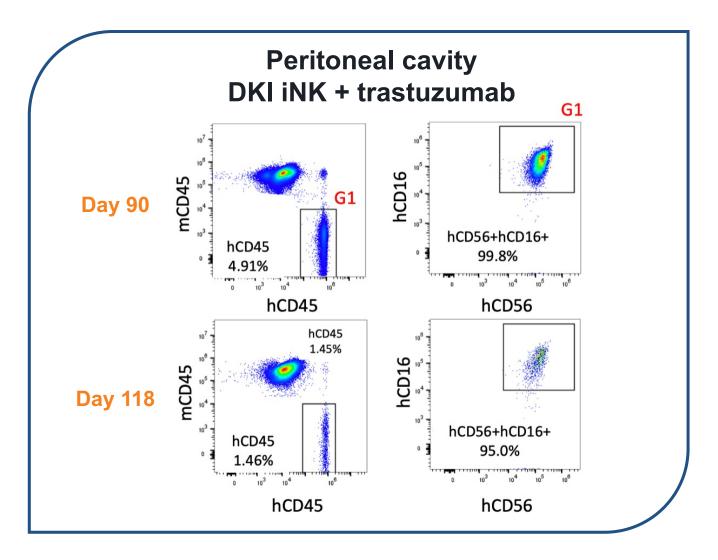
EDIT-202 plus TRA significantly increased survival over WT iNK cells + TRA in an ovarian SKOV-3-luc IP solid tumor model



EDIT-202 plus TRA increases survival to 100% compared with 0% survival with TRA only at day 120

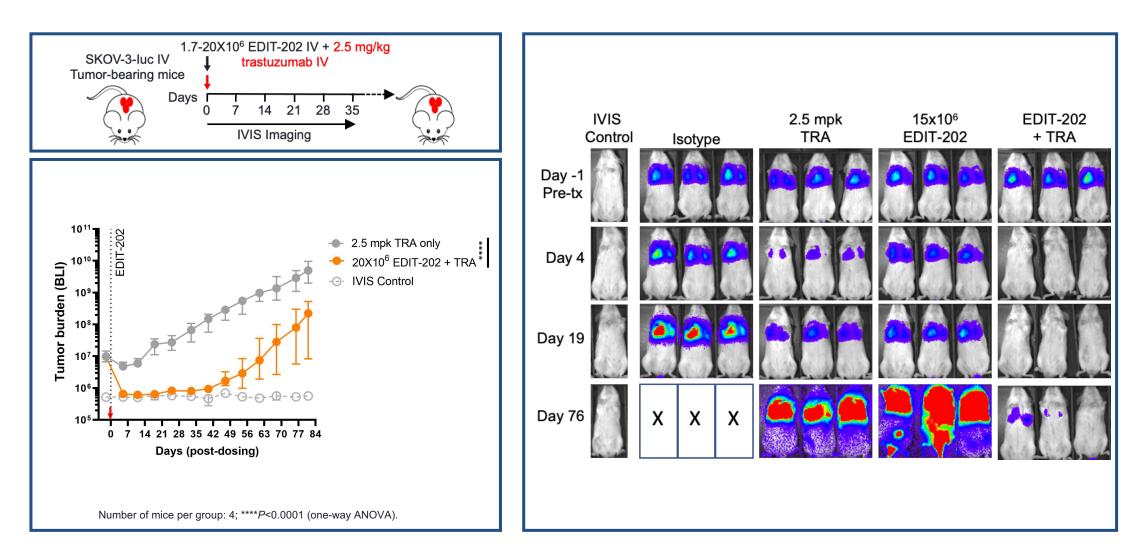


mblL-15 and CD16 KI drive long term persistence and CD16 expression maintenance *in vivo*



CD, cluster of differentiation; DKI, double knock-in; KI, knock-in; mblL-15, membrane-bound IL-15.

EDIT-202 shows *in vivo* efficacy in a solid tumor lung model after IV administration



EDIT-202 is an iPSC-derived iNK cell therapy with prolonged cell persistence and significantly enhanced efficacy in solid tumors

✓ High cell surface levels of CD16 and mbIL15

- Enhanced natural cytotoxicity and ADCC-mediated killing against 3D SKOV-3 spheroids
- ✓ Resistance to TGFβ induced immunosuppression due to TGFβR2 KO
- Upregulated and continuous expression of CD16 after tumor exposure enabling serial tumor killing
- Prolonged cytokine independent persistence due to mbIL15 KI
- ✓ Potent anti-tumor efficacy in an *in vivo* ovarian SKOV-3-luc solid tumor model

These data support the development of EDIT-202 as a potential allogeneic cell-based medicine for treatment of solid tumors



ADCC, antibody-dependent cellular cytotoxicity; CD, cluster of differentiation; iNK, induced pluripotent stem cell-derived natural killer; iPSC, induced pluripotent stem cell; KI, knock-in; KO, knock-out; mbIL-15, membranebound IL-15; SKOV-3-luc, luciferase (luc)-expressing SKOV-3 cell line; TGFβ, transforming growth factor beta; TGFβR2, transforming growth factor beta; receptor 2.